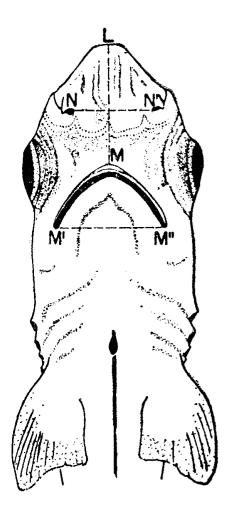
SOME MORPHOMETRIC DATA ON SHARK EMBRYOS

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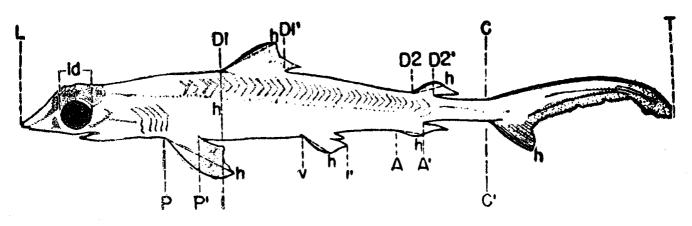
In this paper we present some morphometric data on shark embryos found in pregnant females caught in front of Mucuripe Beach (Fortaleza, State of Ceará, Brazil).

Sixteen embryos were obtained from a female of *Carcharinus porosus* (Ranzani, 1840), caught in September 2, 1966, and their identification was based on Bigelow & Schroeder (1948).

All embryos of *Carcharinus porosus* were morphometrically analysed (figure 1, table I), according to Bigelow & Schroeder (1948); they say that these embryos have not yet been described. The embryos ranged from 152 to 220 mm total length.

The two smallest specimens of Carcharinus porosus morphometrically analysed in literature (Bigelow & Schroeder, 1943), with a 485 mm and 500 mm total length, were obtained in Colón (Panamá, Atlantic coast). Eighteen proportional dimensions (in percent of total length) were considered: snout

Figure 1 — Embryo of Carcharinus porosus (Ranzani, 1840): LT = total length, LM = snout to mouth, M'M" = mouth breadth, Id = eye diameter, NN' = distance between nostrils, D1h = height of dorsal 1, D1D1' = base of dorsal 1, D2h = height of dorsal 2, D2D2' = base of dorsal 2, Ah = height of anal, AA' = base of anal, CT = upper margin of caudal, C'h = lower margin of caudal, Ph = anterior margin of pectoral, Pi = inner margin of pectoral, ih = distal margin of pectoral, Vh = anterior margin of pelvic, hi' = distal margin of pelvic, LD1 — snout to dorsal 1, LD2 = snout to dorsal 2, LA = snout to anal, LP = snout to pectoral, LV = snout to pelvic, D1'D2 = interspace between dorsal 1 and 2, D2'C = interspace between dorsal 2 and caudal, A'C' = interspace between anal and caudal, h = greatest depth.



length in front of outer nostrils — 4.5 and 4.3; snout length in front of mouth - 8.9 and 8.7; mouth breadth -8.2 and 7.9; mouth height — 5.4 and 5.3; distance between inner ends of nostrils — 5.8 and 5.8; opening length of 1st gill slit — 2.5 and 2.6; length of base of dorsal 2 - 3.4 and 3.4; length of base of anal — 4.6 and 4.6; inner margin of pectoral — 5.9 and 6.0; distance from snout to dorsal 1 - 33.0 and 32.2; distance from snout to dorsal 2 - 64.3 and 62.6; distance from snout to upper caudal — 73.7 and 73.4; distance from snout to pectoral — 23.5 and 23.8; distance from sneut to pelvic — 47.0 and 48.6; interspace between dorsal 1 and dorsal 2 - 20.7 and 20.6; interspace between dorsal 2 and caudal - 7.8 and 7.0; interspace between anal and caudal

-7.6 and 6.8; distance from origin of polvic to origin of anal -13.4 and 13.8.

Sixteen embryos were obtained from a female of *Sphyrna mokarran* (Rüppell, 1835), caugth in November 19, 1962; their identification was based on Clark & Schmidt (1965).

Twelwe of the embryos of *Sphyrna mo-karran* were morphometrically analysed (figure 2, table II), according to Clark & Schmidt (1965). They ranged from 364 to 408 mm total length.

The smallest embryo of *Sphyrna mokarran* morphometrically analysed in literature (Bigelow & Schroeder, 1948), with a 673 mm total length, was obtained in Englewood (Florida, U. S. A.). Eleven proportional dimensions (in per cent of total length) were considered: distance between nostrils — 16.9,

TABLE I

Morphometric data on sixteen embryos of Carcharinus porosus (Ranzani, 1840). Values expressed as per cent of total length, unless otherwise indicated.

Morphometric data	Carcharinus porosus (Ranzani, 1340)	
	Range	Average
total length (mm)	152 — 220	183.0
trunk at origin of pectoral:		
a) breadth	8.8 — 11.2	10.2
b) height	8.1 - 10.3	9.3
snout length in front of:		
a) outer nostrils	3.7 - 5.3	4.4
b) mouth	8.2 — 9.5	3.9
eye: horizontal diameter (iris diameter)	2.7 — 3.5	3.0
nouth:		
a) breadth	5.9 — 9.3	7.7
b) height	4.6 - 6.1	5 . 2
nostrils: distance between inner ends	5.0 - 6.2	5.7
gill opening lengths:		
a) 1st gill slit	1.3 — 2.2	1.6
b) 2nd gill slit	1.8 - 2.6	2.1
c) 3rd gill slit	1.8 — 2.6	2.2
d) 4th gill slit	1.8 — 2.5	2.2
e) 5th gill slit	1.3 — 1.8	1.6
dorsal 1, vertical height	10.0 - 12.9	11.1
dorsal 1, length of base	6.9 - 10.1	8.4
dorsal 2, vertical height	3.1 - 5.6	4.4
dorsal 2, length of base	2.7 - 3.9	3.1
anal, vertical height	3.6 5.6	4.8
anal, length of base	3.7 - 5.0	4.4
caudal, upper margin	26.8 - 29.5	27.9
caudal, lower anterior margin	8.1 - 10.4	9.2
pectoral, outer margin	6.8 - 12.7	11.2
pectoral, inner margin	4.3 - 6.2	5.2
pectoral, distal margin	6.2 — 9.0	7.5
listance from snout to:	20 T 10 H	00 H
a) dorsal 1	28.5 - 32.7	30.7
b) dorsal 2	58.0 - 63.1	60.6
c) upper caudal	70.0 - 76.3	72.1
d) pectoral	20.7 - 25.0	23.1
e) pelvic	40.2 - 48.7	44.4
f) anal	53.9 59.6	57.1
nterspace between:	10.0 02.0	20.0
a) dorsal 1 and 2	19.0 - 23.2	20.8
b) dorsal 2 and caudal	6.6 - 9.4	7.9
c) anal and caudal	6.5 — 9.5	8.0
listance from origin to origin of:	17 5 95 0	21.2
a) pectoral and pelvic	17.5 - 25.0	12.9
b) pelvic and anal	11.2 — 16.1	14.8
number of vertebrae	134 163	158.5

base of dorsal 1 - 10.1, base of dorsal 2 - 5.6, base of anal -6.7, lower margin of caudal -10.4, inner margin of pectoral -4.4, snout to dorsal 2 - 57.3, snout to anal -55.9, snout to pelvic -43.7, interspace between dorsal 2 and caudal -7.1, interspace between anal and caudal -6.8.

For a young of Sphyrna mokarran with 810 mm total length, from the Central Gulf Coast of Florida (Clark & Schmidt, 1965), nine proportional dimensions (in per cent of total length) were considered: standard length — 67.0, distance between nostrils — 16.2, base of anal — 5.9, lower margin of caudal — 10.5, distal margin of pectoral — 10.4, anterior margin of pelvic — 6.9, distal margin of pelvic — 6.9, distal margin of pelvic — 6.8, snout to dorsal 2 — 55.5, interspace between anal and caudal — 6.9.

The large range of vertebral numbers of the embryos analysed (table II) envolves the vertebral numbers of two specimens of Sphyrna mokarran from the Pacific — 205 and 206, — quoted by Springer & Garrick (1964).

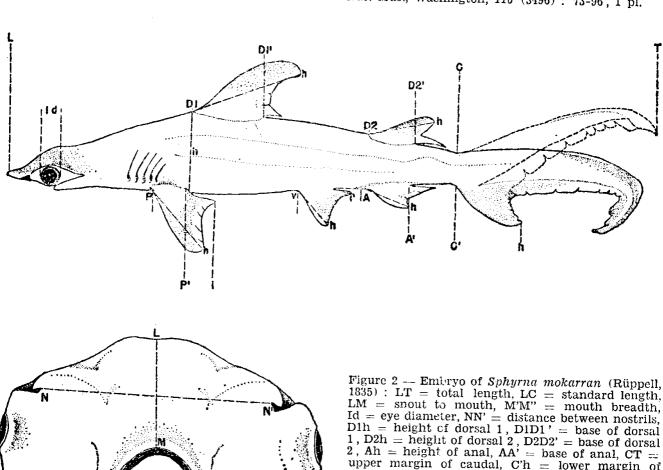
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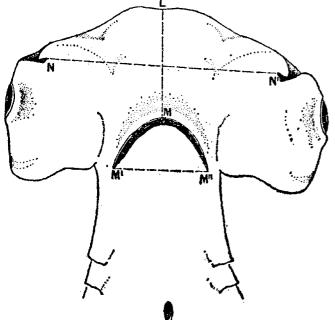


Figure 2 — Embryo of Sphyrna mokarran (Rüppell, 1835): LT = total length, LC = standard length, LM = snout to mouth, M'M' = mouth breadth, LM = snout to mouth, M'M' = mouth breadth, LM = eye diameter, NN' = distance between nostrils, D1h = height of dorsal 1, D1D1' = base of dorsal 1, D2h = height of dorsal 2, D2D2' = base of dorsal 2, Ah = height of anal, AA' = base of anal, CT = upper margin of caudal, C'h = lower margin of caudal, Ph = anterior margin of pectoral, P'i = inner margin of pectoral, ih = distal margin of pectoral, Vh = anterior margin of pelvic, hi' = distal margin of pelvic, LD1 = snout to dorsal 1, LD2 = snout to dorsal 2, LA = snout to anal, LP = snout to pectoral, LV = snout to pelvic, D1'D2 = interspace between dorsal 2 and caudal, A'C' = interspace between dorsal 2 and caudal, h = greatest depth.

 ${\bf T\ A\ B\ L\ E\ I\ I}$ Morphometric data on twelve embryos of \$Sphyrna\ mokarran\ (R\u00fcppell,\ 1235)\$. Values expressed as per cent of total length, unless otherwise indicated.

Morphometric data	Sphyrna mokarran (Rüppell, 1835)	
	Range	Average
total length (mm)	364 — 408	389.9
standard length	66.3 — 69.2	67.8
snout length in front of:	į	i
a) mouth	7.4 — 8.0	7.7
eye: horizontal diameter (iris diameter)	2.5 — 3.9	2.8
mouth:		7.0
a) breadth	6.4 - 7.5	7.0
nostrils: distance between inner ends	15.3 - 17.8	16.7
dorsal 1, vertical height	15.5 - 17.2	16.5
dorsal 1, length of base	9.1 - 11.2	$10.0 \\ 7.2$
dorsal 2, vertical height	6.5 - 7.8	
dorsal 2, length of base	5.2 - 5.9	5.5 5.7
anal, vertical height	5.1 - 6.2	6.2
anal, length of base	5.4 - 6.8 $31.1 - 34.3$	32.3
caudal, upper margin	9.6 - 10.9	10.3
caudal, lower anterior margin	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11.5
pectoral, outer margin	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4.4
pectoral, inner margin pectoral, distal margin	9.5 - 11.0	10.1
distance from snout to:	9.5 11.0	10.1
a) dorsal 1	27.8 - 29.0	28.3
b) dorsal 2	54.7 - 57.6	56.0
c) pectoral	21.5 - 23.4	22.2
d) pelvic	$\frac{21.0}{42.7} - \frac{20.1}{45.5}$	1 44.0
e) anal	53.6 - 56.6	55.8
pelvic, outer margin	6.4 - 7.2	6.8
pelvic, distal margin	5.9 - 7.1	6.4
interspace between:		
a) dorsal 1 and 2	17.5 - 19.5	18.4
b) dorsal 2 and caudal	7.0 - 7.6	7.2
c) anal and caudal	5.5 — 7.4	6.4
greatest depth	10.6 — 11.9	11.2
number of vertebrae	196 — 215	207.5